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#Jenny



Finally I get this ebook, thanks for all these I can get now!

#Rio



Cool! I'am really happy

#Markus Jensen



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#Che Salsa



My friends are so mad that they do not know how I have all the high quality ebook which they do not!

#Diego Butler



so many fake sites. this is the first one which worked! Many thanks

AP Physics	Physics B Exam - 1998	Solutions to Multiple Choice
	BASIC IDEAS	SOLUTIONS
#1. $v = at + v_i$	The acceleration of all object near the earth surface and in a vacuum is the same, that is 9.8 m/s^2	B
#2. $P = \frac{W}{t}$	$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{1000 \text{ Jm}}{20 \text{ s}} = 50 \text{ W}$	C
#3. Cons. of momentum $\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$	$m_1 v_1 + M(0) = (m + M)v_f \Rightarrow v_f = \frac{m v_1}{m + M}$	E
#4. Cons. of momentum $\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$	Referring to the "rain plus car" system, there is no external force in the x direction so momentum in that direction is conserved. We have an increasing mass and therefore a decreasing velocity.	C
#5. $P = \frac{W}{t}$	$W_{\text{out}} = \frac{mgh}{\text{second}}$ but kilowatt hr = $1000 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}} \cdot 3600 \text{ s} = 3.600.000 \text{ J}$ This last is a unit of work not of power.	C
#6. $L = rcp$	$L = (4\pi)(3g)(3m/s) = 24 \frac{\text{kg m}^2}{\text{s}}$	E
#7. Newton's 1st Law $\Sigma \vec{F} = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{a} = 0$	Choice 1 expresses this fact. No other restrictions apply	A
#8. Cons. of Energy $U = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$	$U + K = \text{constant} \Rightarrow K = \text{constant} - U = \text{constant} - \frac{1}{2} kx^2$ This should be recognized as having a graph that is a parabola and that is concave downward.	D
#9. $\Sigma \vec{F} = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{a} = 0$ $F = pN$ $F = \mu N$	Applied force must be equal in magnitude to the friction. $P = \mu N \Rightarrow \mu = \frac{P}{N}$	A
#10. Neutrons have high energy.	The energy step from the 1st level to the next is the largest. Same principal quantum number would be a low energy difference.	A
#11. Diffraction is a wave phenomenon	Both other experiments involve the particle nature of the electron.	B
#12. Cons. of charge	There is no principle of conservation of protons or nuclei	A
#13. $E = \frac{F}{q}$	$\vec{F} = q\vec{E}$. If the field is uniform, the net force on the sphere regardless of the distribution of charge will be zero.	A
#14. $\Delta V = Ed$	$E_0 = \frac{\Delta V_0}{d_0}$ now $E = \frac{\Delta V}{d} = 10 E_0 \Rightarrow E = 10(2.000) = 20000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}}$	E

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